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Introduction





The main objective of *Grammar Minutes Grade 5* is grammar proficiency, attained by teaching students to apply grammar skills to answer questions effortlessly and rapidly. The questions in this book provide students with practice in the following key areas of fifth-grade grammar instruction:

- nouns
- verbs
- pronouns
- adjectives
- adverbs
- prepositional phrases
- types of sentences

- sentence structure
- appositives and clauses
- noun and pronoun agreement
- subject and verb agreement
- negatives
- prefixes and suffixes
- Greek and Latin roots



Use this comprehensive resource to improve your students' overall grammar proficiency, which will promote greater self-confidence in their grammar skills as well as provide the everyday practice necessary to succeed in testing situations.



Grammar Minutes Grade 5 features 100 "Minutes." Each Minute consists of 10 questions for students to complete within a short time period. As students are becoming familiar with the format of the Minutes, they may need more time to complete each one. Once they are comfortable and familiar with the format, give students a one- to two-minute period to complete each Minute. The quick, timed format, combined with instant feedback, makes this a challenging and motivational assignment that offers students an ongoing opportunity to improve their own proficiency in a manageable, nonthreatening way.

3





Introduction









well as in an application section at the end of the book.

Grammar Minutes Grade 5 is designed to generally progress through the skills as they are introduced in the classroom in fifth grade. The Minutes can be implemented in either numerical order, starting with Minute 1, or in any order based on your students' specific needs during the school year. The complexity of the sentences and the tasks within each skill being covered gradually increase so that the first Minute of a skill is generally easier than the second Minute on the same skill. Review lessons are included throughout the book, as

Grammar Minutes Grade 5 can be used in a variety of ways. Use one Minute a day as a warm-up activity, skill review, assessment, test prep, extra credit assignment, or homework assignment. Keep in mind that students will get the most benefit from each Minute if they receive immediate feedback.

If you use the Minute as a timed activity, begin by placing the paper facedown on the students' desks or displaying it as a transparency. Use a clock or kitchen timer to measure one minute—or more if needed. As the Minutes become more advanced, use your discretion on extending the time frame to several minutes if needed. Encourage students to concentrate on completing each question successfully and not to dwell on questions they cannot complete. At the end of the allotted time, have the students stop working. Read the answers from the answer key (pages 108–112) or display them on a transparency. Have students correct their own work and record their scores on the Minute Journal reproducible (page 6). Then have the class go over each question together to discuss the answers. Spend more time on questions that were clearly challenging for most of the class. Tell students that some skills that seemed difficult for them will appear again on future Minutes and that they will have another opportunity for success.

















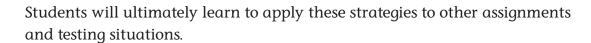






Teach students the following strategies for improving their scores, especially if you time their work on each Minute:

- leave more challenging items for last
- come back to items they are unsure of after they have completed all other items
- make educated guesses when they encounter items with which they are unfamiliar
- ask questions if they are still unsure about anything



The Minutes are designed to assess and improve grammar proficiency and should not be included as part of a student's overall language arts grade. However, the Minutes provide an excellent opportunity to identify which skills the class as a whole needs to practice or review. Use this information to plan the content of future grammar lessons. For example, if many students in the class have difficulty with a Minute on commas, additional lessons in that area will be useful and valuable for the students' future success.

While Minute scores should not be included in students' formal grades, it is important to recognize student improvements by offering individual or class rewards and incentives for scores above a certain level on a daily and/or weekly basis. Showing students recognition for their efforts provides additional motivation to succeed.









Scope and Sequence

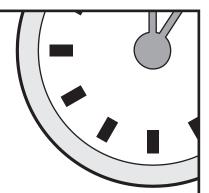
MIN	UTE	SKILL	MINUTE	SKILL
1		Complete Sentences	42	More Adjectives
2	2	Simple Subjects and Predicates	43	Comparative Adjectives
3	3	Complete Subjects and Predicates	44	Comparative and Superlative
4	1	Compound Subjects and Predicates		Adjectives
5	5	Exclamatory and	45	Adverbs
		Interrogative Sentences	46	More Adverbs
6	5	Imperatives and Declaratives	47	Comparative and Superlative
7	7	End Punctuation		Adverbs
8	3	Complete Sentences Review	48	Adjectives Review
9)	Subjects and Predicates Review	49	Adverbs Review
1	0	More Subjects and Predicates Review	50	Adjectives and Adverbs
1	1	Types of Sentences Review	51	More Adjectives and Adverbs
1	2	Common Nouns	52	Prepositions
1	3	Common and Proper Nouns	53	More Prepositions
1	4	Capitalization: Proper Nouns	54	Prepositional Phrases
1	5	Plural Nouns	55	More Prepositional Phrases
		Regular and Irregular Plural Nouns	56	Articles
		Singular Possessive Nouns	57	Conjunctions
1	8	Plural Possessive Nouns	58	Compound Sentences
		Subject and Object Pronouns	59	Appositives and Clauses
		Reflexive and Possessive Pronouns		Prepositions Review
2	21	Relative and Indefinite Pronouns	61	Articles Review
		Noun and Pronoun Agreement		Conjunctions Review
2	23	Common and Proper		Compound Sentences Review
		Nouns Review		Appositives and Clauses Review
		Plural Nouns Review		Compound Words
		Possessive Nouns Review		Synonyms
2	26	Subject and Object		More Synonyms
	_	Pronouns Review		Antonyms
2	27	Reflexive and Possessive		More Antonyms
5 //		Pronouns Review		Homographs
2	28	Relative and Indefinite		Homophones
	20	Pronouns Review		More Homophones
		Action Verbs	/3	Synonyms and
		Linking and Helping Verbs	7.4	Antonyms Review
3)1	Regular and Irregular	/4	Homographs and
,	22	Past Tense Verbs	7.5	Homophones Review
		More Present and Past Tense Verbs		Negatives
		Commonly Misused Verbs Subject and Verb Agreement		Contractions Commas
3		More Subject and Verb Agreement		Negatives Review
		Action and Linking Verbs Review		Commas Review
		Linking and Helping Verbs Review		Prefixes
		Present and Past Tense Verbs Review		Suffixes
		Commonly Misused Verbs Review		Word Origins
		Subject and Verb Agreement Review		Word OriginsWord Origins and Affixes Review
		Adjectives		Apply Your Grammar Knowledge
		2010 201 1 20	01 100.	











Minute 1

Name																

Write *C* if the sentence is complete or *I* if it is incomplete.

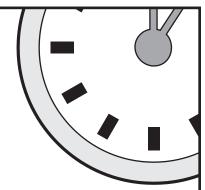
- 1. Mom and Dad froze when they saw the mess in the garage.
- **2.** Wonder why Jonas pulled the pickles from the shelf?
- **3.** The first thing to do. _____
- **4.** The oven was not hot enough to cook the casserole.
- **5.** In all of the nicely decorated rooms.
- **6.** At the end of the show, everyone cheered for Darla.
- 7. Imaginary lines that run east and west.
- **8.** The dress rehearsal for the concert is Thursday night.
- **9.** The rooster pecked furiously at the seeds.
- **10.** A light in the lonely attic.











Minute 2

Name								

For Numbers 1–5, underline the simple subject of each sentence.

(**Hint**: The *simple subject* is the someone or something the sentence is about. Example: The neighborhood dogs barked loudly.)

- **1.** Ella walked to the store.
- **2.** Giant squid grow 20 to 60 feet in length.
- **3.** The night stars shine brightly.
- **4.** The Petronas Towers in Kuala Lumpur rise over 1,400 feet.
- **5.** In the office, the phones rang loudly.

For Numbers 6–10, circle the simple predicate of each sentence.

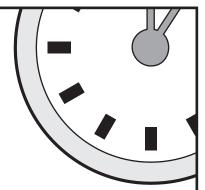
(**Hint**: The *simple predicate* is the action or linking verb without any other words that modify it or describe the subject. Example: The view overlooked the ocean.)

- **6.** The famous artist Vincent Van Gogh painted *Sunflowers* in 1888.
- **7.** *Shrek* is Hannah's favorite movie.
- **8.** Trees sway gently in the breeze.
- **9.** The Caldecott Medal is awarded each year to the best picture book.
- **10.** A very sleepy Tyler came down the stairs to eat breakfast.









Minute 3

Name																	

For Numbers 1–5, underline the complete subject of each sentence.

(**Hint**: The *complete subject* includes all words related to whom or what the sentence is about. Example: A crowded group of people stood in line for the bus.)

- 1. My sister Lindsey opened her umbrella.
- **2.** The brand-new building was painted bright blue.
- **3.** Alex's sister sliced the bread.
- **4.** The elementary school students guessed how many buttons were in the jar.
- **5.** The eager group of tourists watched the wild animals roam around the African savannah.

For Numbers 6–10, circle the complete predicate for each sentence below. (Hint: The *complete predicate* includes all words that show what the complete subject is or does. Example: A crowded group of people (stood in line for the bus).)

- **6.** Kevin put his books in my backpack.
- **7.** Downhill snow skiing is a fun winter sport.
- **8.** The spring rains helped the flowers bloom.
- **9.** After ringing up my purchase, the cashier politely handed me my receipt.
- **10.** If the conductor is sick, Kate will take her place.